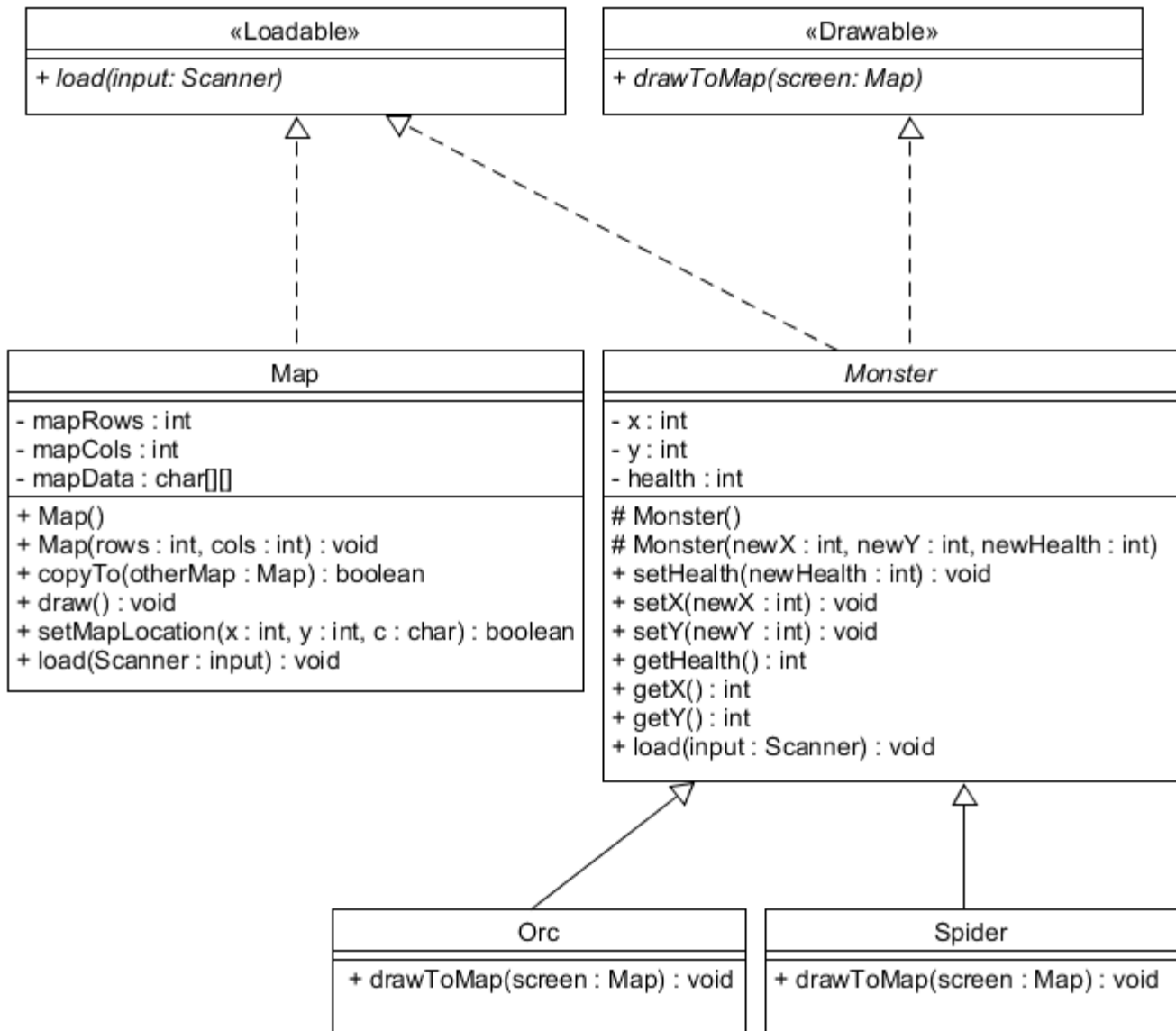


1. Draw the UML diagrams for the following:
2. Draw the UML diagrams for the following:



3. Given an **abstract class** `BakedGood`, is the following code legal? If not, why not?
 - a. No, you cannot instantiate an abstract class
4. Given an **abstract class** `BakedGood` and a class `Muffin` that extends `BakedGood`, is the following code legal? If not, why not?
 - a. Yes you can because `Muffin` is not an abstract class.
5. Given an **interface** `Edible` and a class `Muffin` that implements `Edible`, is the following code legal? If not, why not?
 - a. Yes you can because you can instantiate an interface with a class.
6. A class can implement more than one Java interface
 - a. Yes a class can implement more than one interface.
7. A Java interface can have private methods.
 - a. False
8. All data fields defined in a Java interface are public, static, and final.
 - a. True